Bio Huma Netics, Inc. World Conference

What has happened from 2012-2014?

1. ProMax on onions (Idaho and ND)

2. New work in vegetable seed production

ProMax on Onions Weiser, Idaho

• Pink Root: Phoma terrestis, fungal pathogen





Control of Pink Root

• Fumigation: Telone C-17 at 20-30 gallons per acre must be applied directly under the seed

• Rotation: This is a soil fungal pathogen and is more prevalent following grain

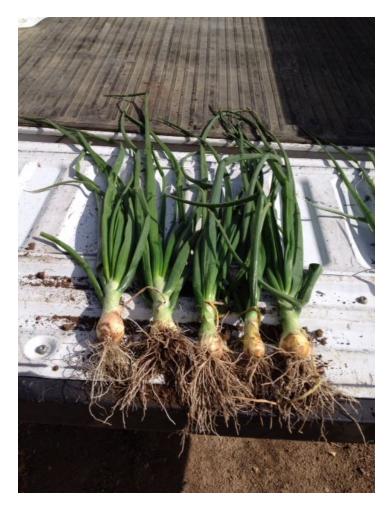
 Stress: Pathogen is enhanced when onions are under stress

ProMax

 In 2013, I was contacted by Farmers Supply Co-op, Weiser, Idaho, with a question concerning the effectiveness of ProMax on Pink Root

 We had no research on it but they bought 20 gallons to use on a field that was going to be planted next to a school

Telone on left and ProMax on right 6/23/13





Telone on left and ProMax on right 8/4/13



Telone on left and ProMax on the right 9/23/14



Evaluation and comparison of Telone and ProMax

- 20 gallons of Telone cost about \$400 per acre while 1.5 gallon ProMax cost about \$100 per acre
- Telone application requires a plan and permit from the department of ag and ProMax does not
- Many "set backs" and restrictions with Telone but not with ProMax

Evaluation Continued

- Telone is highly toxic to humans and environment while ProMax is not
- Telone had a 4.7% yield increase over ProMax but the grower said he would use ProMax again

2014 ProMax in Idaho

In 2014 more acres were under ProMax. Some were still compared to Telone and some were stand alone

Looking at 2015, Farmers Supply Co-op is going to look at more ways to use ProMax during the growing season. Maybe lower rates but used more often

2014 ProMax onions of right of both pictures 7/1/14



ProMax on right of both pictures 8/4/14





Why Does ProMax Work?

- Combination of Tymol, amino organic acids and salicylic acid
- Tymol suppress the pathogen, organic acids stimulate root development and soil biology, and salicylic acid reduces stress by triggering systemic acquired resistance (SAR)
- If the plant is happy and the negative impact of the pathogen is managed, all is good

Boyd Peterson, FSC, on the Left and Ben Hammalmen on the Right



Enhancing Red Beet Seed Production and Quality

- Western Washington, Skagit County, produces 80% of the US and 50% of the worlds red beet seed
- Grown as biennial: beet bulb grown one year, vernalized overwinter, planted in seed production fields in following year
- Challenge: poorly developed bulbs turn into weak plants in the spring giving low yields

Problems with poor quality bulbs

Low bulb vigor gives poor stand



Poor quality bulb w/internal decay



Increase the Bulb Vigor Before Vernalization

- We wanted to see if we could get a better quality bulb before they were dug and put into the earth pit for over wintering
- We wanted to increase the flow of sugars into the bulb and used Breakout and Golden Gro at a .5% and 1% solution rate
- We harvested the seed from these bulbs by hand in order to generate yield and quality data

Results in Yield and 500 Seed Count Weights

- UTC 3,969 lb/acre
- .5% BO 4,744 lb/acre
- .5% GG 4,046 lb/acre
- 1.0%GG 5,366 lb/acre

- Seed Wt.16.25grams
 - Seed Wt. 19.0 grams
 - Seed Wt. 21.0 grams
 - Seed Wt. 20.0 grams

- BO= Breakout
- GG= Golden Gro

Results Summary

- .5% BO had a 16.33% increase in yield and a 14.5% increase in seed weight
- .5% GG had a 1.9% increase in yield but a 22.6% increase in seed weight
- 1.0% GG had a 26% increase in yield and a 18.8% increase in weight
- Not statically significant but very good trends

Understanding BHN Products and Not Just the Analysis

- Breakout and Golden Gro: neither product has this use on their labels
- Understanding the total impact of the products allowed us some comfort in using them this way
- The more we understand, the more broad the use range

Questions?

- Rudy Allen, CPAg/CCA-NW
 - Ag Tech Services, LLC
 - <u>agtech@comcast.net</u>
 - <u>www.agtechservicesllc.com</u>
 - Blog: The Invisible Side of Ag at <u>www.agronomicallyspeaking.blogspot.com</u>